



ESTADO DO PARÁ
PREFEITURA MUNICIPAL DE MONTE ALEGRE
SECRETARIA MUNICIPAL DE OBRAS, URBANISMO E TERRAS PATRIMONIAIS.

Justificativa de pedido

Se faz necessário melhorar a trafegabilidade, observando o artigo 5º art. direito fundamental assegurado pelo inciso XV da Constituição federal, que assegura o direito de ir e vir: **“É livre a locomoção no território nacional em tempo de paz, podendo qualquer pessoa, nos termos da lei, nele entrar, permanecer ou dele sair com seus bens.”**

O recapeamento das vias Urbanas torna-se imprescindível, os moradores sofrem constantemente com buracos nas vias, o que prejudica a trafegabilidade e pode ocasionar acidentes para pedestres e condutores de veículos.

Outro motivo é melhorar a infraestrutura da nossa cidade, oferecer melhores condições de vida para a população, e também contribuir para o desenvolvimento econômico e social do local.

Monte Alegre, 08 de outubro de 2019.

Adson Vicente de Araújo Leão
Secretário Municipal de Obras,
Urbanismo e Terras Patrimoniais
Decreto n.º 002/2017

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
DIVISION OF THE PHYSICAL SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the general principles of the theory of the structure of the nucleus. It is shown that the structure of the nucleus is determined by the interaction of the nucleons, which are assumed to be identical particles. The theory is based on the assumption that the nucleons are identical particles, and the interaction between them is assumed to be of the form of a central force. The theory is then applied to the case of the nucleus of a heavy element, and it is shown that the theory is in good agreement with the experimental results.

2. In the second part of the paper, the theory is applied to the case of the nucleus of a light element, and it is shown that the theory is in good agreement with the experimental results. The theory is then applied to the case of the nucleus of a heavy element, and it is shown that the theory is in good agreement with the experimental results.

3. The third part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the general principles of the theory of the structure of the nucleus. It is shown that the structure of the nucleus is determined by the interaction of the nucleons, which are assumed to be identical particles. The theory is based on the assumption that the nucleons are identical particles, and the interaction between them is assumed to be of the form of a central force. The theory is then applied to the case of the nucleus of a heavy element, and it is shown that the theory is in good agreement with the experimental results.

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